



AUDIT REPORT

**For the Year Ended
June 30, 2019**

**ANAHEIM COMMUNITY FOUNDATION
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JUNE 30, 2019**

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FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of
Anaheim Community Foundation
Anaheim, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Anaheim Community Foundation (the "Foundation") which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2019, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement from the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Anaheim Community Foundation as of June 30, 2019, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1M to the financial statements, in 2018-19 Anaheim Community Foundation adopted new accounting guidance, ASU No. 2016-14, *Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958) Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Christy White, Inc". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

San Diego, California
November 15, 2019

**ANAHEIM COMMUNITY FOUNDATION
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
JUNE 30, 2019**

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	748,619
Investments		<u>918,045</u>
Total Assets	\$	<u>1,666,664</u>

LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS

Accounts payable	\$	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities		<u>-</u>

Net assets

Without donor restrictions		475,052
With donor restrictions		<u>1,191,612</u>
Total net assets		<u>1,666,664</u>

Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	<u>1,666,664</u>
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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**ANAHEIM COMMUNITY FOUNDATION
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
SUPPORT AND REVENUES			
Donations	\$ 71,738	\$ 634,292	\$ 706,030
Net investment income	23,401	-	23,401
Net assets released from restrictions	419,045	(419,045)	-
Total Support and Revenues	514,184	215,247	729,431
EXPENSES			
Program services			
Grants and assistance	455,983	-	455,983
Supporting services			
Management and general			
Fees for service	13,447	-	13,447
Printing and postage	4,707	-	4,707
Miscellaneous	7,037	-	7,037
Total Expenses	481,174	-	481,174
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	33,010	215,247	248,257
Net Assets - Beginning	442,042	976,365	1,418,407
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 475,052	\$ 1,191,612	\$ 1,666,664

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**ANAHEIM COMMUNITY FOUNDATION
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019**

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Change in net assets	\$ 248,257
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	
(Increase) decrease in operating assets	
Realized and unrealized net (gain)/loss on investments	190
Pledges receivable	582
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities	
Accounts payable	<u>(1,176)</u>
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>247,853</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest earned on and reinvested in investments	28,374
Purchase of securities	<u>(44,033)</u>
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>(15,659)</u>
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	232,194
Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning	<u>516,425</u>
Cash and cash equivalents - Ending	<u>\$ 748,619</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE	
Cash paid for interest	<u>\$ -</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**ANAHEIM COMMUNITY FOUNDATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2019**

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Anaheim Community Foundation (the “Foundation”) was formed as a nonprofit public benefit corporation on January 19, 1984 for the purpose of raising funds to support and enhance a broad base of programs, services, organizations, and facilities that enrich the lives of Anaheim residents. Funding sources primarily consist of donations from the public as well as funds raised from special events within the community.

B. Basis of Accounting

The Foundation’s policy is to prepare its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting; consequently, revenues are recognized when earned rather than when cash is received and certain expenses and purchases of assets are recognized when the obligation is incurred rather than when cash is disbursed.

C. Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements are presented in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 958 dated August 2016, and the provisions of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) “Audit and Accounting Guide for Not-for-Profit Organizations” (the “Guide”). ASC 958-205 was effective July 1, 2018.

Under the Guide, Anaheim Community Foundation is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions.

Net assets without donor restrictions – These net assets generally result from revenues generated by receiving contributions that have no donor restrictions, providing services, and receiving interest from operating investments, less expenses incurred in providing program-related services, raising contributions, and performing administrative functions.

Net assets with donor restrictions – These assets result from gifts of cash and other assets that are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets, either temporarily or permanently, until the donor restriction expires (that is until the stipulated time restriction ends or the purpose of the restriction is accomplished) the net assets are restricted. When a restriction expires, restricted net assets are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions.

D. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures, such as depreciation expense and the net book value of capital assets. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Functional Expenses

The costs of providing services have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities and detailed in the statement of functional expenses. Certain costs and expenses have been allocated between program and supporting services based on management’s estimates.

ANAHEIM COMMUNITY FOUNDATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Anaheim Community Foundation considers all highly liquid deposits and investments with an original maturity of less than ninety days to be cash equivalents.

G. Investments

The Foundation's method of accounting for most investments is the fair value method. Fair value is determined by published quotes when they are readily available. Gains and losses resulting from adjustments to fair values are included in the accompanying statement of activities. Investment return is presented net of any investment fees.

H. Receivables and Allowances

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. An allowance for doubtful accounts is established, as necessary, based on past experience and other factors which, in management's judgment, deserve current recognition in estimating bad debts. Such factors include the relationship of the allowance for doubtful accounts to accounts receivable and current economic conditions. Based on review of these factors, the Foundation establishes or adjusts the allowance for specific revenue sources as a whole. At June 30, 2019, an allowance for doubtful accounts was not considered necessary as all accounts receivable were deemed collectible.

I. Capital Assets

Anaheim Community Foundation has not yet adopted a policy to capitalize asset purchases as the Foundation does not currently hold any property, plant or equipment with a useful life expanding well over one fiscal year.

J. Contributions

Unconditional contributions are recognized when pledged and recorded as net assets without donor restrictions or net assets with donor restrictions, depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor-imposed restrictions. Conditional promises to give are recognized when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Gifts of cash and other assets are reported with donor restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets.

When a restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or a purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported on the statement of activities as "net assets released from restrictions." Donor-restricted contributions whose restrictions are met in the same reporting period are reported as net assets without donor restriction support. Contributions restricted for the acquisition of land, buildings, and equipment are reported as net assets without restriction upon acquisition of the assets and the assets are placed in service.

Non-cash contributions of goods, materials, and facilities are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. Contributed services are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution if they are used to create or enhance a non-financial asset or require specialized skills, are provided by someone possessing those skills, and would have to be purchased by the organization if not donated.

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

K. Income Taxes

Anaheim Community Foundation is a 509(a)(1) publicly supported nonprofit organization that is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(a) and 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and classified by the Internal Revenue Service as other than a private foundation. The Foundation is exempt from state franchise or income tax under Section 23701(d) of the California Revenue and Taxation Code. As a public benefit organization, the Foundation is required to register with the California Attorney General as a charity.

The Foundation's management believes all of its significant tax positions would be upheld under examination; therefore, no provision for income tax has been recorded. The Foundation's information and/or tax returns are subject to examination by the regulatory authorities for up to four years from the date of filing.

L. Fair Value Measurements

The Fair Value Measurements Topic of the FASB *Accounting Standards Codification* establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
- Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

M. Change in Accounting Principle

Not-for-Profit Financial Reporting Model Standard

In August 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-14, *Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for Profit Entities* whereby significant changes were proposed in seven areas: net asset classes, liquidity and availability of resources, classification and disclosure of underwater endowment funds, expense reporting, statement of cash flows, investment return, and release of restrictions on capital assets. The amendments in ASU No. 2016-14 are effective for annual financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. The implementation had no impact on the previously reported total net assets as of July 1, 2018. Under the new accounting principle, the portion of beginning net assets previously reported as unrestricted is now presented as net assets without donor restrictions and previous balances under temporarily restricted net assets are currently net assets with donor restrictions.

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

M. New Accounting Pronouncement

Revenue Recognition

In May 2014, the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and FASB issued a joint accounting standard on revenue recognition to address a number of concerns regarding the complexity and lack of consistency surrounding the accounting for revenue transactions. Consistent with each board's policy, FASB and IASB issued new reporting standards on revenue recognition. FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). The guidance in FASB ASU No. 2014-09 provides a framework for revenue recognition and supersedes or amends several of the revenue recognition requirements in FASB ASC 605 Revenue Recognition. The guidance was originally effective for public entities for the fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2016. In August 2015, FASB issued ASU No. 2015-14, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date, to allow entities additional time to implement systems, gather data, and resolve implementation questions. The effective dates for the new guidance are staggered. Public entities have already implemented the new guidance, and nonprofit entities are required to implement the new guidance for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. The Charter will determine the impact on the financial statements once implemented for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

Leases

In February 2016, FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*. The objective of the ASU is to increase transparency and comparability in financial reporting by requiring balance sheet recognition of leases and note disclosure of certain information about lease arrangements. The new FASB ASU topic on leases consists of five subtopics: overall, lessee, lessor, sale and leaseback transactions, and leveraged lease arrangements. ASU No. 2016-02 is applicable to any entity that enters into a lease and is effective for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. In October 2019, FASB approved to delay effective dates for all public business entities, except for SEC filers, to fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The Foundation will determine the impact on the financial statements once implemented for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2019, consist of cash in interest-bearing bank accounts amounting to \$748,619.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, an organization's deposits may not be returned to it. Anaheim Community Foundation does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. The FDIC insures up to \$250,000 per depositor per insured bank. As of June 30, 2019, Anaheim Community Foundation's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk as there were no deposits over \$250,000 in accounts at any one insured bank.

ANAHEIM COMMUNITY FOUNDATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 3 – INVESTMENTS

Investments as of June 30, 2019, consist of fixed securities and mutual funds with a current market value of \$918,045. The fair value measurement classifications for these assets are as follows:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Fixed securities	\$ 95,098	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 95,098
Mutual fund accounts	-	822,947	-	822,947
Total Investments	\$ 95,098	\$ 822,947	\$ -	\$ 918,045

The following schedule summarizes net investment income for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Interest and dividends	\$ 23,591
Realized gains	28,374
Unrealized gain/(loss)	(28,564)
Total Net Investment Income	\$ 23,401

NOTE 4 – NET ASSETS

Net assets with donor restrictions as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Net assets with donor restrictions	July 1, 2018	Sources	Uses	June 30, 2019
Community programs	\$ 177,388	\$ 27,403	\$ (29,793)	\$ 174,998
Cultural and performing arts	102,788	28,373	(27,502)	103,659
Nature programs	164,743	28,993	(10,836)	182,900
Senior programs	18,812	5,868	(3,019)	21,661
Social service programs	50,326	103,962	(32,422)	121,866
Youth programs	211,568	33,571	(45,973)	199,166
Other supported programs	209,847	149,887	(111,605)	248,129
Miscellaneous	42,568	254,560	(157,895)	139,233
Total Net Assets with Donor Restrictions	\$ 978,040	\$ 632,617	\$ (419,045)	\$ 1,191,612

Net assets without donor restrictions as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Net assets without donor restrictions	
Board designated	\$ 416,968
Undesignated	58,084
Total Net Assets without Donor Restrictions	\$ 475,052

ANAHEIM COMMUNITY FOUNDATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued
JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 5 – LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

The following table reflects the Foundation's financial assets as of June 30, 2019, reduced by amounts not available for general expenditure within one year. Financial assets are considered not available for general use when illiquid or not convertible to cash within one year, consist of assets held for others or are held aside by the governing board for specific contingency reserves. Any board designations could be drawn upon if the board approves that action.

Financial assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 748,619
Investments, at cost	941,705
Total Financial Assets, excluding noncurrent	<u>\$ 1,690,324</u>
Contractual or donor-imposed restrictions	
Cash restricted by others for specific uses	(1,191,612)
Board designations	
Board designated	<u>(416,968)</u>
Financial Assets available to meet cash needs for expenditures within one year	<u>\$ 498,712</u>

NOTE 6 – DONATED GOODS AND SERVICES

A number of volunteers in the Anaheim community have contributed their time to the activities of the Foundation. Many of the volunteers are employed by the City of Anaheim (the "City"). The City allows employees the use of their work time, office space and office equipment to carry on the activities of the Foundation. The activities do not require specialized service skills nor create or enhance non-financial assets; therefore, they do not meet the criteria required by generally accepted accounting principles to be recorded in the financial statements.

Donated goods and materials as well as other non-cash contributions are typically recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Foundation received \$31,083 in donated goods and materials.

NOTE 7 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Anaheim Community Foundation has evaluated subsequent events for the period from June 30, 2019 through November 15, 2019, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Management did not identify any transactions that require disclosure or that would have an impact on the financial statements.